INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: IX	Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE	Subject: Political Science
Chapter 2 Worksheet:2	Topic: ELECTIONS	Year :2026-27

1.	In a democratic country, elections are mainly conducted to: A. Select government officials permanently **B. Enable citizens to choose their representatives** C. Allow political parties to control the government D. Give unlimited powers to elected representatives
2	A constituency is best described as: A. A political party's office **B. An area from which voters elect a representative** C. A group of political leaders D. The entire country during an election
3	The main purpose of delimitation is to: **A. Redraw constituency boundaries to provide fair representation** B. Increase number of political parties. C. Decide the election schedule. D. Register new political parties.
4	Which of the following is not a function of the Election Commission? A. Preparing election rolls B. Registering political parties **C. Conducting the national census** D. Allotting election symbols
5	A constituency has four candidates. The votes received are shown below: I. Candidate P-38250 II. Candidate Q – 36,780 III. Candidate R – 18,460 IV. Candidate S – 9,510 Based on FPTP System, who will be declared elected? **A. Candidate P,** B. Candidate Q**,** C. No candidate, because none secured more than 50% of the votes, D. A fresh election will be held.

6	**Match the Column I with column II and select the correct answer.** A: I. SUBIDHA — B: a) Brings in seamless processing of forms and easy handling of the databases A: II. ERONET — B: b) A web-based application for managing vehicles requisitioned from other departments for election work. A: III. SAKSHAM — B: c) An app for contesting candidates and political parties. A: IV. SUGAM — B: d) An app that provides a number of features to help PW Ds in registration for voting, finding polling station, etc. **Options:** A. I)-a), II)-b), III)- c), IV)-d) **B. I)-c), II)-a), III)- d), IV)-b)** C. I)-d), II)-b), III)- a), IV)-c) D. I)-c), II)-d), III)- a), IV)-b)
7	**Consider the statements given below and choose the correct answer** **Statement I**. The ECI is an autonomous permanent constitutional body that was established on 25 January 1952. **Statement II.** Articles 324 to 329 of the Constitution provide for the establishment of an ECI and define its powers and duties. **Options:** A. Statement (I) is correct and (II) is incorrect. **B. Statement (I) is incorrect and (II) is correct.** C. Both (I) & (II) are incorrect. D. Both (I) & (II) are correct.
II	**Assertion and Reason:** In the questions given below, there are statements marked as assertion (A) and reasons(R). Read the statements and choose the correct options:
8	**Assertion (A):** Elections are an essential feature of a democratic government. **Reason (R):** Elections provide citizens with an opportunity to choose their representatives. Options: A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. **B. Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A** C. A is true and R is false. D. A is false and R is true
9	**Assertion (A):** India follows a multiparty system. **Reason (R):** A multiparty system allows several political parties to contest elections and offer different choices to voters. **A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.** B. Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A C. A is true and R is false. D. A is false and R is true.

III	**Read the paragraph carefully and the answer the following:**
10	There are often dozens of contestants for each constituency. Most candidates belong to a political party, though some contest independently. Voters learn about candidates, their policies, their vision for development, and their positions on various social, economic, cultural, and political issues primarily through the political parties. They help ensure that the democracy functions effectively. You will become eligible to vote in another four or five years; however, you must have heard or read about various promises that political parties make during the election campaigns. They present their agenda, elaborate on their promises in election rallies, and discuss and debate on issues of local, state, national, and international concern through various media platforms. 1.What role the political parties play in election? Ans: Voters learn about the policies, the visions for development and their positions on different issues through political parties. 2. Why are political parties important for a democracy? Ans. They help ensure that the democracy functions effectively by providing governance, accountability, representation, and public engagement. 3. What is the importance of the political parties in any democracy? Ans: • Organise public opinion: Political parties raise issues that affect citizens and help in shaping public opinion on important social, economic and political matters. • Campaign on specific issues: During elections, political parties campaign on various issues and present their views and policies before the people. • Offer meaningful choices: Political parties provide voters with different candidates, policies and programmes, enabling them to choose among different alternatives during elections.